February 1, 2019

The Honorable Frank Pallone
Chairman
U.S. House Committee on Energy
and Commerce
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Lamar Alexander
Chairman
U.S. Senate Committee on Health,
Education, Labor, and Pensions
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Greg Walden
Ranking Member
U.S. House Committee on Energy
and Commerce
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Patty Murray
Ranking Member
U.S. Senate Committee on Health,
Education, Labor, and Pensions
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairmen Pallone and Alexander and Ranking Members Walden and Murray:

On behalf of organizations dedicated to improving the health and well-being of children and adolescents, we write to urge you to reauthorize the Pediatric Subspecialty Loan Repayment program (Section 775 of the Public Health Service Act) as part of the effort to reauthorize the Title VII health professions workforce programs. Support for pediatric subspecialists is a needed step toward curbing today's demonstrated critical shortage of pediatric medical subspecialists, pediatric surgical specialists, and child and adolescent psychiatrists to help provide children with timely access to the vital health services they need.

Currently, there is not only a shortage but also a significant disparity in the geographic distribution of pediatric subspecialists trained to treat children in need of specialty care, resulting in many children in underserved areas not receiving timely or appropriate health care. Children and their families often face long waiting lists to see subspecialists or must travel long distances to find needed care. According to a recent survey conducted by the Children's Hospital Association, appointment wait times for certain pediatric subspecialty care far exceed the prevailing benchmark of two-weeks in children's hospitals. The survey showed that the average time for a pediatric genetics specialist is 20.8 weeks, 18.7 weeks for a developmental pediatric specialist, and 12.1 weeks for a pediatric pain management palliative care specialist, citing just a few examples.<sup>1</sup>

Shortages threaten to become more severe as fewer medical students choose careers in pediatric mental health care and pediatric subspecialties. There are three primary economic disincentives that discourage medical students from pursuing careers in pediatric subspecialties: (1) additional training beyond their primary residency training of 2-3 years on average, (2) high loan debt due to longer training;<sup>2</sup> and (3) average Medicaid reimbursement that is 30 percent less than Medicare. In addition, the shortage of pediatric subspecialists is compounded both by an aging physician workforce, where the mean age of pediatric subspecialists exceeds 50 years,<sup>3</sup> and by the growing number of children in the United States. In 2016, there were 73.6 million children in the United States under the age of 18. According to the Census Bureau, that number is expected to grow by approximately 5 million by 2050, increasing demand for pediatric health care services.<sup>4</sup>

Timely access to pediatric subspecialists is essential. Longer lag times between symptom onset and treatment may not only result in poorer outcomes but also in greater costs to patients and the health care system. Support for pediatric subspecialty loan repayment will help ameliorate shortages by providing a financial incentive for trainees to choose careers in pediatric subspecialties.

We understand that there is interest in advancing a reauthorization of the Title VII health professions workforce programs in the new Congress. Given the dire shortages of pediatric subspecialists, we urge you to take this opportunity to strengthen the pediatric workforce and improve access to specialized care for children by reauthorizing the pediatric subspecialty loan repayment program in any bill to reauthorize the Title VII programs. Thank you for your dedication to the health and well-being of children. We look forward to working with you to improve child access to pediatric subspecialists.

## Sincerely,

AANS/CNS Section on Pediatric Neurological Surgery

Academic Pediatric Association

Advocacy Council of ACAAI

American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology

American Academy of Dermatology Association

American Academy of Neurology

American Academy of Ophthalmology

American Academy of Pediatrics

American Association for Pediatric Ophthalmology and Strabismus

American Association of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry

American Association of Hip and Knee Surgeons

American Association of Neurological Surgeons

American Association of Orthopaedic Surgeons

American College of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology

American College of Cardiology

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists

American College of Rheumatology

American Epilepsy Society

American Orthopaedic Society for Sports Medicine

American Pediatric Society

American Pediatric Surgical Association

American Society for Surgery of the Hand

American Society of Pediatric Hematology/Oncology

American Society of Pediatric Hematology/Oncology (ASPHO)

American Society of Pediatric Nephrology

American Society of Pediatric Neurosurgeons

American Society of Pediatric Otolaryngology

American Thoracic Society

**Arthritis Foundation** 

Arthroscopy Association of North America

Association of Maternal & Child Health Programs

Association of Medical School Pediatric Department Chairs

Association of Pediatric Program Directors (APPD)

Child Life

Child Neurology Foundation

Child Neurology Society

Childhood Arthritis and Rheumatology Research Alliance (CARRA)

Children's Hospital Association

Congress of Neurological Surgeons

Council of Pediatric Subspecialties

Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance

**Eating Disorders Coalition** 

**Endocrine Society** 

Global Healthy Living Foundation

International Foundation for Autoimmune & Autoinflammatory Arthritis (IFAA)

Lupus and Allied Diseases Association

March of Dimes

Mental Health America

National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners

National Coalition for Infant Health

National Council for Behavioral Health

**National Infusion Center Association** 

National Organization for Rare Disorders

Nemours Children's Health System

North American Society for Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology

North American Society for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition

Organization of Neonatal-Perinatal Training Program Directors

**Pediatric Endocrine Society** 

Pediatric Orthopaedic Society of North America

**Pediatric Policy Council** 

PEPTDA (Pediatric Pulmonology Training Directors Association)

Scoliosis Research Society

Societies for Pediatric Urology

Society for Adolescent Health and Medicine

Society for Developmental and Behavioral Pediatrics

Society for Pediatric Dermatology

Society for Pediatric Research

Society of Critical Care Medicine

The National Alliance to Advance Adolescent Health

The Ray E. Helfer Society

The Society of Thoracic Surgeons

U.S. Pain Foundation

<sup>1</sup> Children's Hospital Association. "Pediatric Workforce Shortages Persist." https://www.childrenshospitals.org/Issues-and-Advocacy/Graduate-Medical-Education/Fact-Sheets/2018/Pediatric-Workforce-Shortages-Persist. January 19, 2018. Accessed January 4, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Frintner MP, Mulvey HJ, Pletcher BA, Olson LM. "Pediatric Resident Debt and Career Intentions." Pediatrics. 2013. Rochlin JM, Simon HK. "Does Fellowship Pay: What is the Long-Term Financial Impact of Subspecialty Training in Pediatrics?" Pediatrics. 2011 Feb;127(2):254-60.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Werner RM, Polsky D. "Comparing the Supply of Pediatric Subspecialists and Child Neurologists." Journal of Pediatrics. 2005 Jan; 146(1):20-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> United States Census Bureau. 2017 National Population Projections Tables. "Table 2. Projected age and sex composition of the population." https://www.census.gov/data/tables/2017/demo/popproj/2017-summary-tables.html. Accessed January 4, 2019.